# **SESSION**

# **Learning Activity** Checklist

### Standards-Based Task

#### The task helps students:

- Gain/improve specific knowledge or skills in a content area (for example, district or state
- Gain/improve 21st Century Skills (problem solving, communication, collaboration, information, and time and resource management).
- Practice the methods/processes of a discipline (for example, the scientific method).
- Understand how learning goals guide teaching and learning activities.
- Perceive how learning activities are aligned with assessments.
- Know the criteria and performance standards for teacher, peer, and self-evaluations of their products and performances.
- Demonstrate understanding and apply their knowledge and skill in a variety of ways.

# **Engaging Task**

#### Students:

- Are involved in active learning (hands-on, building, making, moving, using "multiple intelligences," etc.).
- Find the topic fascinating, fun, or passion-arousing.
- Are given choices (topic, approach, etc.).
- Are challenged (but not overwhelmed).
- Create a product/performance or gain competencies that have value to them outside of school.
- Know their product/performance will be appreciated, used by, or useful to others outside the classroom.
- Receive real-world feedback on the quality of their work from an audience or subject-matter expert.
- Get to bring their experience outside the classroom to bear on their work.
- Are accountable to one another.

# **Problem-Based Task**

# Students must exercise logical and creative thinking to:

- Form a reasoned judgment.
- Solve a problem.
- Make a decision or choice.
- Plan a course of action.
- Persuade or convince someone.
- Defend a position.
- Explain a concept.
- Interpret a complex situation.
- Resolve a perplexing or puzzling situation.
- Troubleshoot and improve a system.
- Meet someone's genuine need.
- Plan and stage an event.
- Apply a course concept in a real-world situation.
- Invent a problem-solving process.
- Work within constraints (for example, restrictions on size, budget, time, resources, etc.).

## **Technology Enhances Academic Achievement**

Technology is used to:

- Give students access to quality information, primary documents, or points of view not available otherwise.
- Allow students to investigate a concept in ways infeasible otherwise (for example, human/animal anatomy).
- Differentiate learning for students with different needs.
- Help students understand abstract concepts.
- Enable students to participate in online scientific investigations.
- Help students with the problem-solving process (e.g., using graphic organizers).
- Foster student discovery of concept or construction of their own understanding of a concept.
- Share ideas and communicate with remote groups.
- Help students receive feedback on their work from a community outside the classroom.
- Enable students to participate in the democratic process.

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